

26. So far as you are wholly concentrated on bringing about a certain result, clearly the quicker and easier it is brought about the better. Your resolve to secure a sufficiency of food for yourself and your family will induce you to spend weary days in tilling the ground and tending livestock; but if Nature provided food and meat in abundance ready for the table, you would thank Nature for sparing you much labor and consider yourself so much the better off. An executed purpose, in short, is a transaction in which the time and energy spent on the execution are balanced against the resulting assets, and the ideal case is one in which _____. Purpose, then, justifies the efforts it exacts only conditionally, by their fruits. [3점]

- ① demand exceeds supply, resulting in greater returns
- ② life becomes fruitful without endless pursuit of dreams
- ③ the time and energy are limitless and assets are abundant
- ④ Nature does not reward those who do not exert efforts
- ⑤ the former approximates to zero and the latter to infinity

27. Psychologist Solomon Asch wanted to discover whether people's tendency to agree with their peers was stronger than their tendency toward independent thought and rational judgment. Asch assembled groups of twelve university students and announced that they were taking part in an experiment on visual perception. He showed them three line segments, and asked each one in turn which line was the longest. It was an easy task and the correct answer was obvious. However, Asch had secretly instructed all but the last person in each group, who was the real subject of the experiment, to say that the medium-length line was the longest. As it turned out, over 70 percent of the real subjects _____ and said that the medium-length line was the longest.

- ① caved in to group pressure
- ② figured out the correct answer
- ③ had problems with their vision
- ④ roped the other group members in
- ⑤ used rational judgment in their decision-making

28. Journeys are the midwives of thought. Few places are more conducive to internal conversations than a moving plane, ship, or train. There is an almost peculiar correlation between what is in front of our eyes and the thoughts we are able to have in our heads: large thoughts at times requiring large views, new thoughts new places. Introspective reflections which are liable to stall are helped along by the flow of the landscape. The mind _____ when thinking is all it is supposed to do. The task can be as paralyzing as having to tell a joke or mimic an accent on demand. Thinking improves when parts of the mind are given other tasks, are charged with listening to music or following a line of trees.

- ① may be reluctant to think properly
- ② may focus better on future thoughts
- ③ can become confused by multitasking
- ④ is likely to be paralyzed by fear of new tasks
- ⑤ can be distracted from what is before the eyes

29. It is a fundamental mistake to imagine that when we see the non-value in a value or the untruth in a truth, the value or the truth ceases to exist. It has only become relative. Everything human is relative, because everything rests on an inner polarity; for everything is a phenomenon of energy. Energy necessarily depends on a pre-existing polarity, without which there could be no energy. There must always be high and low, hot and cold, etc., so that the equilibrating process " which is energy " can take place. Therefore the tendency to deny all previous values in favor of their opposites is just _____. And in so far as it is a question of rejecting universally accepted and indubitable values, the result is a fatal loss. [3점]

- ① another way of pursuing relativity in human affairs
- ② as desirable as the tendency to accept all those values
- ③ as much of an exaggeration as the earlier onesidedness
- ④ the one and only way of approaching the ultimate truth
- ⑤ to admit the presence of energy derived from an inner polarity

※ 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

42. Richard Dawkins and John Krebs argued that although in some circumstances it might be appropriate to describe animal signals as transferring information, in many other, perhaps most, cases there would be such a conflict of interest between signaller and receiver that it is more accurate to describe the signaller as attempting to 'manipulate' the receiver rather than just inform it. For example, an angler fish that dangles a worm-like bit of skin in front of a small fish and catches it because the smaller fish snaps at the 'worm' can certainly be said to have carried out a successful manipulation of its prey. In this case, if information has been transferred, it is most definitely false.

* dangle: 매달다

- ① Are Smaller Fishes Smarter?
- ② Talking Animals: Fact or Myth?
- ③ Cooperation in the Animal World
- ④ Manipulation: Tricking the Signaller
- ⑤ Animal Messages: Not What They Seem

44. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

However, recent success in the packaged-cookie market suggests that these may not be the only, or perhaps even the most important, reasons.

Why eat a cookie? Some reasons might be to satisfy your hunger, to increase your sugar level, or just to have something to chew on. (①) It appears that cookie-producing companies are becoming aware of some other influences and, as a result, are delivering to the market products resulting from their awareness. (②) These relatively new product offerings are usually referred to as 'soft' or 'chewy' cookies, to distinguish them from the more typical crunchy varieties. (③) Why all the fuss over their introduction? (④) Apparently much of their appeal has to do with childhood memories of sitting on the back steps devouring those melt-in-your-mouth cookies that were delivered by Mom straight from the oven, while they were still soft. (⑤) This emotional and sensory appeal of soft cookies is apparently at least as strong as are the physical cravings that the product satisfies.

[46''47] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

Many people believe that it is critical to share similar, if not identical, beliefs and values with someone with whom they have a relationship. While this may seem preferable, it

is far from mandatory. Individuals from extremely diverse backgrounds have learned to overlook their differences and live harmonious, loving lives together. I've seen people from opposite ends of the spectrum economically and politically that ended up in happy, lasting marriages. I've seen couples from different ethnic groups merge into harmonious relationships, and I've seen people from different religions come together for a strong, lasting bond. Furthermore, many good friends have little in common except a warm loving feeling of respect and rapport. That's the only essential thing.

People who enjoy the best relationships with others, who live life with the least frustration regarding their differences, have learned that differences are to be expected, a fact of life. This understanding must go beyond a mere intellectual 'I know we're all different.' You must truly own this idea and incorporate it into your daily life.

The way I see it, we have only two realistic choices. We can _____ the principle of separate realities and remain frustrated and angry over the fact that no one seems to conform to our way of thinking, or we can strive to understand what in Eastern philosophy is called 'the way of things.' Separate realities is the way things really are. Everyone is unique and has different gifts to offer. When we look for these gifts we will surely find them " - and in doing so, we will open the door to a world

of personal growth. * rapport: 친밀한(공감적인) 관계

46. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Facing Challenges in Life
- ② Leading an Intellectual Life
- ③ Finding Meaning in Friendship
- ④ Accepting Differences in Others
- ⑤ Enriching Life through Meditation

47. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① resist ② establish ③ master
- ④ grasp ⑤ overestimate

※ 확인사항

- ◎ 만점이 확실한가? 문항 분류 하고, △, X는 복습
확신해서 맞은 문제 O, 애매한 문항 △,
불 확신하거나 틀린 문제는 X 구분하세요.
- ◎ 자! 그럼 답을 맞춰보겠습니다.
- ◎ 점수 (/ 개)
- ◎ 틀린 문제 :
0 ~ 2개 1등급, 3 ~ 4개 2등급, 5 ~ 7개 3등급
- ◎ 틀린 문항은 전략해설서를 보고, 꼼꼼히 학습하세요.